

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## QUICK Bengalack Grunning

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

|                                      |                            |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Product name</b>                  | : QUICK Bengalack Grunning |
| <b>Product code</b>                  | : 43863                    |
| <b>Product description</b>           | : Paint.                   |
| <b>Product type</b>                  | : Liquid.                  |
| <b>Other means of identification</b> | : Not available.           |
| <b>Product registration number</b>   | : 613013                   |

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Consumer use: Apply this product only as specified on the label.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Scanox AS  
P.O.Box 904 Brakerøya  
3002 Drammen  
Norway

Tel: +47 32 24 43 00  
Fax: +47 32 84 13 85  
SDSscanox@scanox.no

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Norwegian National Poison Centre: +47 22 59 13 00

**NOBB number** : 55808355, 55808366, 55808374, 55808385, 55808393, 55808404, 55808412

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

[Classification according to Regulation \(EC\) No. 1272/2008 \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
STOT SE 3, H336  
STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS))  
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger.

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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
 H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))  
 H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
**Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
 P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.

**Response** : P391 - Collect spillage.  
 P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.  
 P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

**Storage** : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.  
 P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)

**Supplemental label elements** : Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements**

**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Yes, applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger** : Yes, applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name  | Identifiers  | Weight %  | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]   | Type |
|--|--|-----------|---|------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | REACH #:<br>01-2119458049-33<br>EC: 919-446-0<br>CAS: 64742-82-1                       | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS))<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411<br>EUH066 | [1]  |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | REACH #:<br>01-2119485044-40<br>EC: 231-944-3<br>CAS: 7779-90-0<br>Index: 030-011-00-6 | ≥10 - ≤20 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)  | [1]  |

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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

|   |   |      |   |         |
|---|---|------|---|---------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | REACH #:<br>01-2119457273-39<br>EC: 265-150-3<br>CAS: 64742-48-9<br>Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤10  | Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>EUH066   | [1]     |
| zinc oxide                              | REACH #:<br>01-2119463881-32<br>EC: 215-222-5<br>CAS: 1314-13-2<br>Index: 030-013-00-7  | ≤4.3 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)                | [1]     |
| hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt | REACH #:<br>01-2119979088-21<br>EC: 245-018-1<br>CAS: 22464-99-9                        | ≤0.3 | Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)   | [1] [2] |
|   |   |      | <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> |         |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

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**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

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**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.  
In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.  
Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.  
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.  
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).  
Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.  
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.  
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

**Information on fire and explosion protection**

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations.

**Notes on joint storage**

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Additional information on storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

| Product/ingredient name                 | Exposure limit values  |
|---|--|
| hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt | <b>FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 9/2018). Notes: Calculated as Zr</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Zr) 8 hours. |

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**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name  | Exposure                    | Value                 | Population            | Effects   |          |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | Long term Inhalation        | 330 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Workers               | Systemic  |          |
|  | Long term Dermal            | 44 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers               | Systemic  |          |
|  | Long term Inhalation        | 71 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |
|  | Long term Dermal            | 26 mg/kg bw/day       | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |
|  | Long term Oral              | 26 mg/kg bw/day       | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |
|  | trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Long term Dermal      | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers   | Systemic |
|  |                             | Long term Inhalation  | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers   | Systemic |
|  |                             | Long term Dermal      | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | Consumers | Systemic |
|  |                             | Long term Inhalation  | 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Consumers | Systemic |
|  | zinc oxide                  | Long term Oral        | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day     | Consumers | Systemic |
| Long term Dermal   |                             | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers               | Systemic  |          |
| Long term Inhalation   |                             | 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers               | Systemic  |          |
| Long term Dermal   |                             | 83 mg/kg bw/day       | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |
| Long term Inhalation   |                             | 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |
| Long term Oral   |                             | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day     | Consumers             | Systemic  |          |

**PNECs**

| Product/ingredient name     | Compartment Detail     | Value           | Method Detail |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate) | Fresh water            | 20.6 µg/l       | -             |
|                             | Marine                 | 6.1 µg/l        | -             |
|                             | Sewage Treatment Plant | 52 µg/l         | -             |
|                             | Fresh water sediment   | 117.8 mg/kg dwt | -             |
|                             | Marine water sediment  | 56.5 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
|                             | Soil                   | 35.6 mg/kg dwt  | -             |
| zinc oxide                  | Fresh water            | 20.6 µg/l       | -             |
|                             | Marine                 | 6.1 µg/l        | -             |
|                             | Sewage Treatment Plant | 52 µg/l         | -             |
|                             | Fresh water sediment   | 117.8 mg/kg dwt | -             |

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**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

|  |                       |                |   |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|---|
|  | Marine water sediment | 56.5 mg/kg dwt | - |
|  | Soil                  | 35.6 mg/kg dwt | - |

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**Skin protection**

**Gloves**

: There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: butyl rubber, PVC, fluor rubber, nitrile rubber, Viton®, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)

For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

**QUICK Bengalack Grunning****SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Physical state</b>                               | : Liquid.  |
| <b>Colour</b>                                       | : Various colours.   |
| <b>Odour</b>  | : Characteristic.  |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                              | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>pH</b>   | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                 | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>      | : Lowest known value: 142 to 200°C (287.6 to 392°F)(hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)). Weighted average: 174.65°C (346.4°F)                  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | : Closed cup: 36°C   |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | : 0.11 (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)) compared with butyl acetate  |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | : Not applicable.  |
| <b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b> | : 1.4 - 7.6%   |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                              | : Highest known value: 2.7 kPa (20.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)). Weighted average: 2.09 kPa (15.68 mm Hg) (at 20°C) |
| <b>Vapour density</b>                               | : Not available.   |
| <b>Density</b>                                      | : 1.15 to 1.29 g/cm <sup>3</sup>   |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>                              | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.  |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>      | : Not available.   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | : Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene)).  |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | : Not available.   |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | : Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s)   |
| <b>Explosive properties</b>                         | : Not available.   |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b>                         | : Not available.   |

**9.2 Other information**

No additional information.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>10.1 Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                     |
| <b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>                 | : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).  |
| <b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.  |
| <b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  |
| <b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| <b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.        |



**QUICK Bengalack Grunning****SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Acute toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result               | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| zinc oxide              | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Sensitisation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

| Product/ingredient name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs    |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | Category 3 | Not applicable.   | Narcotic effects |

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

| Product/ingredient name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | Category 1 | Not determined    | central nervous system (CNS) |

**Aspiration hazard**

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| Product/ingredient name  | Result                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% Benzene)                                  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Other information** : Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name  | Result                         | Species                    | Exposure |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | Acute EC50 <10 mg/l            | Daphnia                    | 48 hours |
|  | Acute IC50 <10 mg/l            | Algae                      | 72 hours |
|  | Acute LC50 <10 mg/l            | Fish                       | 96 hours |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l           | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
|  | Chronic NOEC 0.1 mg/l          | Micro-organism             | 4 hours  |
| zinc oxide   | Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name  | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|--|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | -                 | -          | Not readily      |
| zinc oxide   | -                 | -          | Not readily      |

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF        | Potential |
|--|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%), (<0.1% Benzene) | -                  | 10 to 2500 | high      |
| trizinc bis(orthophosphate)  | -                  | 60960      | high      |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (<0.1% Benzene)                                  | -                  | 10 to 2500 | high      |
| zinc oxide   | -                  | 60960      | high      |
| hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt  | -                  | 2.96       | low       |

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Mobility** : Not available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

**PBT** : Not applicable.

**vPvB** : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

**Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 08 01 11\* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

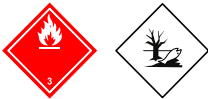



**Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

|                          |           |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| <b>Type of packaging</b> |           | <b>European waste catalogue (EWC)</b>                                    |
| CEPE Paint Guidelines    | 15 01 10* | packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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**SECTION 14: Transport information**

|  | ADR/RID  | ADN  | IMDG  | IATA   |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263  | UN1263   |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | Paint  | Paint  | Paint. Marine pollutant (trizinc bis (orthophosphate))                                  | Paint  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>              | III  | III  | III   | III  |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>      | Yes.   | Yes.   | Yes.  | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.                       |

**Additional information**

- ADR/RID** : Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)  
Hazard identification number: 30
- ADN** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Emergency schedules** F-E, S-E
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code** : Not applicable.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

**Other EU regulations**

**VOC** : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

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**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture** : Not applicable.

**Europe inventory** : Not determined.

**Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)**

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : Not applicable.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

- : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

| Classification                                 | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226                             | On basis of test data |
| STOT SE 3, H336                                | Calculation method    |
| STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) | Calculation method    |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411                        | Calculation method    |

**Full text of abbreviated H statements**

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| H226  | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                    |
| H304  | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                   |
| H336  | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                              |
| H361d | Suspected of damaging the unborn child.                         |
| H372  | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400  | Very toxic to aquatic life.                                     |
| H410  | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.           |
| H411  | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                |

[Full text of classifications \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Aquatic Acute 1, H400   | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1                                   |
| Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1                                  |
| Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2                                  |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   |
| EUH066                  | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.                            |
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3   |
| Repr. 2, H361d          | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2                                |
| STOT RE 1, H372         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1                  |
| STOT SE 3, H336         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

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Users should always consult Scanox for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the Norwegian (Norway) version will prevail.